28.361 13 im L 977

an Introduction to

# THE MONTANA LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

DIEACE



MONTANA STATE LBRABY 930 East Lynoole Avenue Melena, Montana 59401

1977

Montana State Library
3 0864 1004 4208 9

5

# MONTANA LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

SENATE MEMBERS

Carroll Graham, Chairman Frank W. Hazelbaker, Vice-Chairman Chet Blaylock Pat Goodover HOUSE MEMBERS

John B. Driscoll Oscar Kvaalen J. D. Lynch Robert L. Marks

Mrs. Rose Weder Executive Director Room 138, State Capitol Helena, Montana Telephone 406-449-3064

Established in 1957, the Montana Legislative Council was originally created as a permanent agency of the legislative branch of state government designed to study selected problems confronting the legislature in the interim between piennial sessions and to perform other services that facilitate the legislative process.

Chapter 431, Session Laws of 1973, substantially restructured the Council. The responsibility for conducting interim studies was transferred from the Council to legislative standing committees or their subcommittees. Particular areas to be studied in an interim, previously determined by the Council, became a responsibility of the new Committee on Priorities. The Committee on Priorities consists of sixteen bipartisan members — eight from the House Rules Committee and eight from the Senate Rules Committee.

Sections 43-709 through 43-731 and 12-501 through 12-510, R.C.M. 1947, provide the statutory authority for the structure and functions of the Council and interim committees. For purposes of discussion, the content of these sections may be divided into four areas; first, the powers and duties of the Council; second, the structure and responsibilities of the Council staff; third, interim committee organization and procedures; and fourth, the operation of the legislative intern program.

## The Council

The Legislative Council consists of eight members; four members are chosen from the House, and four members are chosen from the Senate. Both political parties are equally represented on the Council. Each new Council must be chosen by the Speaker of the House and the Senate Committee on Committees before the fiftieth

day of the first regular session of the biennium, and members serve for the biennium.

The law charges the Council with administrative responsibilities relative to the Council staff. An important responsibility of the Council since 1975 has been supervision of the recodification of Montana's statutes by a Cude Commissioner assigned to the Council staff. This task is scheduled for completion by January 1, 1979.

The one non-administrative policy study function assigned to the Council provides a legislative safety valve. The Council may, in the event a problem demanding legislative attention arises during the interim, assign study of the problem to an existing joint interim subcommittee.

The Council may not approve or disapprove substantive portions or recommendations of any interim committee report. Previously, the Council was responsible for approving all interims studies and recommendations.

#### The Council Staff

The staff of the Legislative Council acts as an independent, nonpolitical, impartial staff agency for the legislature, performing those duties and functions assigned by law or as directed or requested by members and committees of the legislature. The Council staff also provides certain information to the public on legislative matters.

The staff is divided into four functional divisions: Legislative Services Division, Research and Reference Services Division, Legal Services Division, and Management and Business Service Division.

The Legislative Services Division is responsible for clerical preparation of introduced bills, for engrossing and enrolling of bills, and for printing and mailing of the bills. This division uses a computerized bill drafting system in order to operate with a high degree of effectiveness and accuracy with a relatively small staff of typists and proofreaders and is also responsible for publication of the legislative journals, of a numerical compilation of code sections affected by the session laws, and the final session laws.

The Research and Reference Services Division and the Legal Services Division have many of the same responsibilities. Both divisions perform general and specialized research and reference and information functions. Staff members from both divisions may assist in the preparation of the Legislative Review, staff legislative committees during the session and throughout the

interim, draft legislation, prepare legislative and staff reports, and provide information on the legislative process to the public. During the recodification process, however, the Legal Services Division works primarily on recodification during the interim leaving nearly all research and committee staffing duties to the Research and Reference Services Division.

The Research and Reference Services Division also maintains a reference library containing items of special interest to legislators and legislative staff. The library maintains a liaison with other libraries to help make information available as quickly as possible.

The Code Commissioner is director of the Legal Services Division and supervises recodification. After publication of the new code in 1979 the Code Commissioner will direct the continuing codification, indexing, rearranging and general updating of the new code.

The Management and Business Services Division maintains all bookkeeping records; signs all legislative claims and payrolls; requisitions all printing, supplies, and equipment; and serves the House and Senate during a session.

## Legislative Council Staff:

Rose E. Weber, Executive Director Eleanor Eck, Administrative Assistant

# Research Division

Robert Person, Director Richard Hargesheimer, Researcher Deporah Schmidt, Researcher Teresa Cohea, Researcher Dennis Taylor, Researcher Raelen Williard, Librarian

## Legal Services Division

Diana S. Dowling, Director and Code Commissioner Larry Weinberg, Staff Attorney John Bobinski, Staff Attorney David Cogley, Staff Attorney John Hollow, Staff Attorney Joan Mayer, Staff Attorney Bob Pyfer, Staff Attorney Jim Lear, Annotator

#### Legislative Services Division

Roberta Moody, Director

## Legislative Interim Operations

Sections 43-716 through 43-719, R.C.M. 1947, provide the boundaries within which the legislature must act during an interim. The legislative Committee on Priorities considers all resolutions requesting studies and selects those to be given interim consideration. No committee may act on any routine study or measure in the interim unless it was assigned by the Committee on Priorities.

There are four types of committees that function during an interim: full standing committees, interim subcommittees, select committees, and committees established by law. An interim subcommittee is appointed from a regular standing committee. Four members, two from each party, are appointed by the chairman of each standing committee to serve with four selected from the respective committee of the other house. Two or more standing committees may appoint members to one joint interim subcommittee assigned to study issues of common concern if so directed by the Committee on Priorities. These subcommittees do the majority of the interim work. Each subcommittee must report its findings and recommendations to the legislature at the beginning of the next succeeding session.

A "select committee" is formed to examine a particular issue or bill. This committee is responsible to the house from which it was selected. It operates in a fashion similar to the interim subcommittees except that it may operate during a session. A select committee reports to the legislature upon completion of its study.

The full standing committees are also authorized to function during the interim. However, because of the expense of holding meetings, these committees meet infrequently.

Committees established by law are appointed and meet in accordance with provisions of their authorizing statutes. The Council staff assists such committees upon request.

# Legislative Intern Program

The Legislative Council also administers the Legislative Intern Program, established by law in 1974. This program provides an opportunity for qualified Montana college and university students to gain first-hand experience of the legislative process. Each unit of the Montana University System may select at least one

intern, and five additional interns may be chosen from applications submitted to the Council. The Council assigns each intern to a legislator, and the intern is directly responsible to that legislator.

# LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH PUBLICATIONS

Since its creation the Council has issued the following major research publications:

#### 1957-58 Interim

**‡Legislative** Handbook #Report No. 1 - Montana State Prison \*The Administration of Higher Education in Montana (By G. Homer Durham) ≑General Report No. 1

#### 1959-60 Interim

\*The State Government of Montana (Organization Chart) #Report No. 2 - Legislative Procedures \*Report No. 3 - The Organization and Administration of State Government

#Report No. 4 - State Land and Investments #Report No. 5 - Higher Education #Report No. 6 - Property Taxation in Montana

#General Report No. 2

#### 1961-62 Interim

\*Bill Drafting Manual for the Montana Legislative Assembly

Report No. 7 - Executive Reorganization

\*Report No. 8 - Fiscal Control
\*Report No. 9 - State Treasury Fund Structure

#### 1963-64 Interim

≑The State Government of Montana (Organization Chart)

Report No. 10 - Legislative Rules
Report No. 11 - Public Official and Employee Bonds -- Fees

Collected by State Agencies

#Report No. 12 - Personnel Management

≠Report No. 13 - Administration of State Liquor Monopoly

≠Report No. 14 - Investment of Public Funds

\*Report No. 15 - Revision of Laws of the Department of Public Institutions

\*Report No. 16 - Property Taxation and the Montana Property Classification Law

## 1965-66 Interim

Report No. 17 - Legislative Fiscal Analysis

\*Report No. 18 - Revision of Public Health Laws -- Revision of Fire Protection Laws

\*Report No. 19 - Professional and Occupational Licensing Boards

\*Report No. 20 - Revision of Laws for Public Schools

Report No• 21 - Conservancy Districts ⇒Report No• 22 - Retirement Systems for Policemen

and Firemen

Report No. 23 - Montana Taxation

#### 1967-68 Interim

\*The State Government of Montana (Organizational Chart)

Report No. 24 - Building Standards -- Election Laws

\*Report No. 25 - The Montana Constitution

Report No. 26 - Montana Corporation License Tax

Report No. 27 - State Printing

Report No. 28 - Vocational Education

#### 1969-70 Interim

Report No. 29 - Regulation of the Sale and Use of Pesticides -- Pesticide Statewide Laboratory System

Report No. 30 - Self-Insurance on State-Owned Property Report No. 31 - Property Taxation -- Right of Entry Report No. 32 - Recodification of School Laws

Elementary and Secondary Education - Higher

Education

Report No. 33 - Administrative Procedures

Report No. 34 - Local Government

Report No. 35 - Income Taxation

Report No. 36 - Board of Kailroad Commissioners

Ex Officio Public Service Commission

of Montana

Report No. 37 - Vietnam Honorarium

## 1971-72 Interim

Report No. 38 - Executive Reorganization

Report No. 39 - Health Service Corporations

Report No. 40 - Higher Education, Duplications

Report No. 41 - Highways

Report No. 42 - Insurance - Reform

Report No. 43 - Juvenile Institutions

Report No. 44 - Legislative Modernization

Report No. 45 - Local Government

Report No. 46 - Public Service Commission

Report No. 47 - Roll Call and Sound System, House

Report No. 48 - School Construction

Report No. 49 - School Equalization Aid Report No. 50 - School Foundation Program

Report No. 51 - Self-Insurance, Schools

Report No. 52 - State Laboratories Report No. 53 - Water Resources Report No. 54 - Welfare

#### 1973 Interim

Bond Issues in Montana Election Reform Swan River Youth Forest Camp Financing and Administration of Public Libraries Right to Know, Right to Participate Special Education for the Handicapped Progress Report on House Joint Resolution No. 22 -- Retirement Systems for Public Employees Campaign Practices and Finances

#### 1974 Interim

Workmen's Compensation The Montana High School Association and Montana Interschool Activities Moneys, Solvent Credits, and Industrial Facilities Taxation Alcoholic Beverage Control Statutes Fossil Fuel Taxation Institutions Equality of the Sexes Uniform Fee Taxation and Anniversary Date Registration of Motor Vehicles Actuarial Valuation; State Law Enforcement Retirement Programs

# 1975-76 Interim

Collective Bargaining and the State wage and Classification Plan Entry into Montana's Trades, Crafts, and Professions Limitations on the Waiver of Sovereign Immunity Medical Malpractice

Montana's District Courts
Montana's Inheritance Taxes
Montana's Property Taxes: Assessment and Classification
Montana's State Income Tax
Preservation of Agricultural Lands:
 Alternative Approaches
Public Access to Public Lands
Revision of Montana's Fire Laws
Right of Privacy -- Implementing Article II, Section 10 of
the Montana Constitution
Wine and Liquor Marketing Alternatives for Montana

\*Copies of reports marked with an asterisk are not available for distribution.

## 1977-78 Interim Studies

Studies assigned by the Committee on Priorities for the 1977-78 interim and the membership of each committee:

#### SUBCOMMITTEE ON EDUCATION:

Governance of Vocational Technical Education; Collection, Preservation, and Dissemination of Montana's Historical and Cultural Heritage; Revision of Community College District Laws.

Sen•	Larry Fasbender	Rep.	Ann Mary Dussault
Sen•	Chet Blaylock	Rep.	Peter J. Gilligan. Jr.
Sen.	George McCallum	Rep.	Fred O. Barrett
Sen•	William L. Mathers	Rep.	Darryl Meyer

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON HUMAN SERVICES:

Organization of Human Service Delivery in State Government.

Sen.	A. T. Rasmu	ssen Rep	<ul> <li>William Menahan</li> </ul>
Sen-	3ill Thomas	Rep	Rex Manuel
Sen.	Harold C. N	elson Rep	· Howard L. Ellis
Sen.	Thomas E. T	owe Rep	• Joe Brand
Sen•	Robert J. B	rown Rep	Darryl Meyer

# SUBCOMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE IMPROVEMENT:

Reduction of amount of introduced legislation; revision of the manner of assigning interim studies.

Sen. William Norman Rep. Robert L. Marks Sen. Carroll A. Graham Rep. Jack K. Moore Sen. Allen Kolstad Rep. Dorothy, Bradley Sen. Stan Stephens Rep. Mike Meloy

# SUBCOMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT LAWS:

Consideration of proposals advanced in HB 122.

Sen. Bill Thomas Rep. Hershel M. Robbins
Sen. George McCallum Rep. Audrey Roth
Sen. Robert D. Watt Rep. Steve Waldron
Sen. Robert J. Brown Rep. Verner L. Bertelsen
Sen. Peter R. Story Rep. Helen G. D\*Connell
Sen. Chet Blaylock Rep. Paul K. Kropp

#### SUBCOMMITTEE ON STATE LEGAL SERVICES AND ELECTION LAWS:

How the State Receives Legal Services; Revision of the Election Laws.

Sen. Pat Reyan

Sen. Margaret S. Warden

Sen. William Murray

Sen. Everett R. Lensink

Rep. Jim Courtney

Rep. John P. Scully

Rep. Ralph Eudaily

Rep. Carl A. Seifert

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON SUBDIVISION LAWS:

Revision of Laws Governing Land Subdivision.

Sen. Elmer Flynn Rep. Arthur H. Sheloen
Sen. Harold Dover Rep. Burt Hurwitz
Sen. William Murray Rep. Earl C. Lory
Sen. Joe Roberts Rep. Thomas R. Conroy

#### SUBCOMMITTEE ON WATER RIGHIS:

To Examine Methods for Determining water Rights Existing as of June 30, 1973.

Sen. Jack E. Galt Rep. John P. Scully
Sen. Russell dergren Rep. William M. Day
Sen. Paul F. Boylan Rep. Jack Ramirez
Sen. Jean A. Turnage Rep. Audrey Roth

#### KULES OF PROCEDURE 1975-76

## RULE I

Each Legislative Council shall determine the rules of its proceedings  $\bullet$ 

## RULE II

Regular meetings of the Legislative Council shall be held in the Capitol Building, Helena, Montana, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of members at a previous meeting. Special meetings may be scheduled by a majority of members at a previous meeting or may be called by the Chairman on at least ten (10) days notice to the members. Any member of the Legislative Council who misses two (2) consecutive meetings may be relieved of his duties by a majority of the Council.

#### RULE III

All meetings of the Legislative Council shall be conducted under the established rules of the Senate of the state of Montana as to quorums and parliamentary procedure as applicable.

# RULE IV

If a question of statewide importance arises when the legislature is not in session and a subcommittee has not been appointed to consider the question, a majority of the Council may agree to assign the question to an appropriate subcommittee, with the concurrence of the Committee on Priorities.

#### RULE\_Y

The Council staff shall assist individual members of the legislature on request by compiling and analyzing material relating to state government. Such research may not exceed two man days of work without the consent of the Council. This limitation shall not apply to the Council's bill drafting service during and immediately preceding a legislative session.

#### RULE VI

Subject to the approval of the Council, the Executive

Director may engage necessary stenographic, clerical and other assistance for the operation of the Council, Legislative Services Division, the ALTER program, and aid to interim subcommittees of legislative standing committees.

# KULE YII

The minutes of all regular and special meetings shall be mailed to each member of the Council as soon as possible after each meeting.

## RULE VIII

Claims and requisitions up to \$100, payrolls and routine claims in excess of \$100 may be approved by the Executive Director; all other claims and requisitions must be approved by the Chairman of the Council.

## RULE\_IX

All meetings shall be open to the public.

## RULE\_X

All publicity, and news releases on behalf of the Council shall be made by the Chairman of the Council.

# RULE XI

Alteration, suspension or amendment of these rules may be by vote of a majority of the Council.





